





WELLBEING AND SUPPORT

CONTENT OVERVIEW

- 1. Understanding Wellbeing
- 2. Managing Disclosures
- 3. Signposting
- 4. Misconduct Procedures
- 5. Looking After You
- 6. Promoting Wellbeing







Emotionally Difficult Content Warning

This session may include discussions on sensitive topics such as sexual violence, domestic abuse, discrimination, mental health, and harassment. We understand that these conversations may be difficult or triggering for some.

Please take care of yourself during the session. Take a second if you need to and know that support is available. If you're affected by anything discussed today, don't hesitate to reach out for support.

If you would prefer alternative support options, feel free to contact me privately after the session.











How could wellbeing and student welfare come into your role?







WHY DO THIS TRAINING?

Most of this training is based off real and common experiences.

You are putting yourself in a position of influence and will be somebody people can come to for advice.

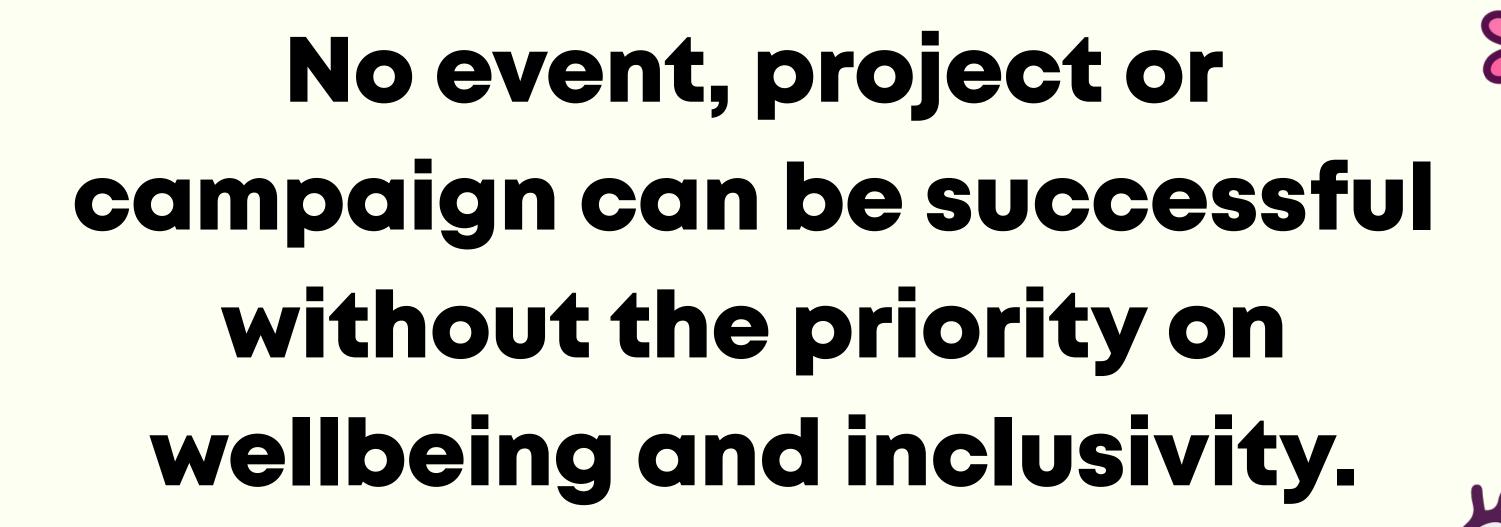
Everybody could encounter wellbeing issues, no matter what role you're in.



It also protects you and your own wellbeing!









02. WHAT IS A DISCLOSURE?

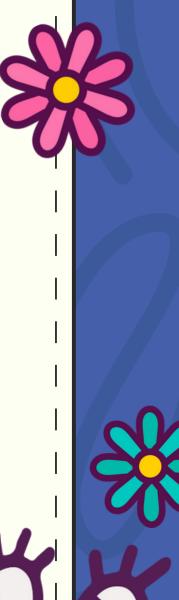
A disclosure is making new or secret information to somebody else. It can happen in person, over the phone, through email and/or social media.

People may disclose because to you because: it could be impacting their studies, they want help, to get it off their chest or to know somebody cares.













Disclosure or Report?

Disclosure

Sharing information or a secret with somebody.
A disclosure does not have to become a report, and you can

still get support for it.



<u>Report</u>

The process of giving a formal account of something that has happened and is the first step in a formal disciplinary process.











Types of Disclosures:



Disclosures can be anything and there is no set list. However, common disclosures you may get as a committee member are as follows:

- Sexual, Physical, Domestic or Emotional Abuse that somebody has experienced or is experiencing
- Mental health concerns or thoughts of suicide/harming themselves
- Coercive control or difficult relationships at home
- Racism, Homophobia, sexism or other discriminate behaviour
- Bullying or Harassment







What should you initially do if you think somebody is disclosing something to you?





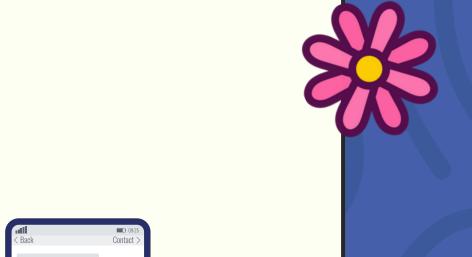
SHOULD do's:

• Thank the student for reaching out to you.

Make them feel validated and reassured.

 Acknowledge this might have been a big step for them to take.

Find a quieter area to speak but NOT private.







Should NOT do's:

- Promise them that you will keep it a secret.
- Promise them you can fix their issue.
- Respond in an overly emotional way.
- Prompt or encourage them to tell you the fullstory.
- Engage in physical contact without consent.





SETTING BOUNDARIES

It is important to set boundaries for your own sake.

- Be clear about what your role is and its limitations.
- Make them aware that you are not personally able to offer advice but that you can help them find somebody who can.



 Be clear that you cannot keep the information confidential for both their welfare but also your own.



CONFIDENTIALITY

Confidentiality means keeping information private and not sharing it with others unless you have permission.

When it is okay to break confidentiality:

When you feel the person is at risk to themselves or others



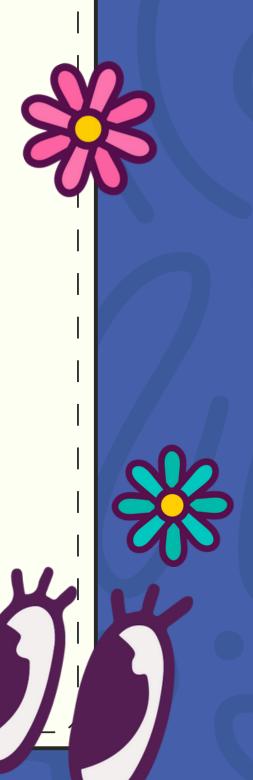
When you need to get professional advice







the answers.





EMPATHY VS SYMPATHY







Watch video on YouTube

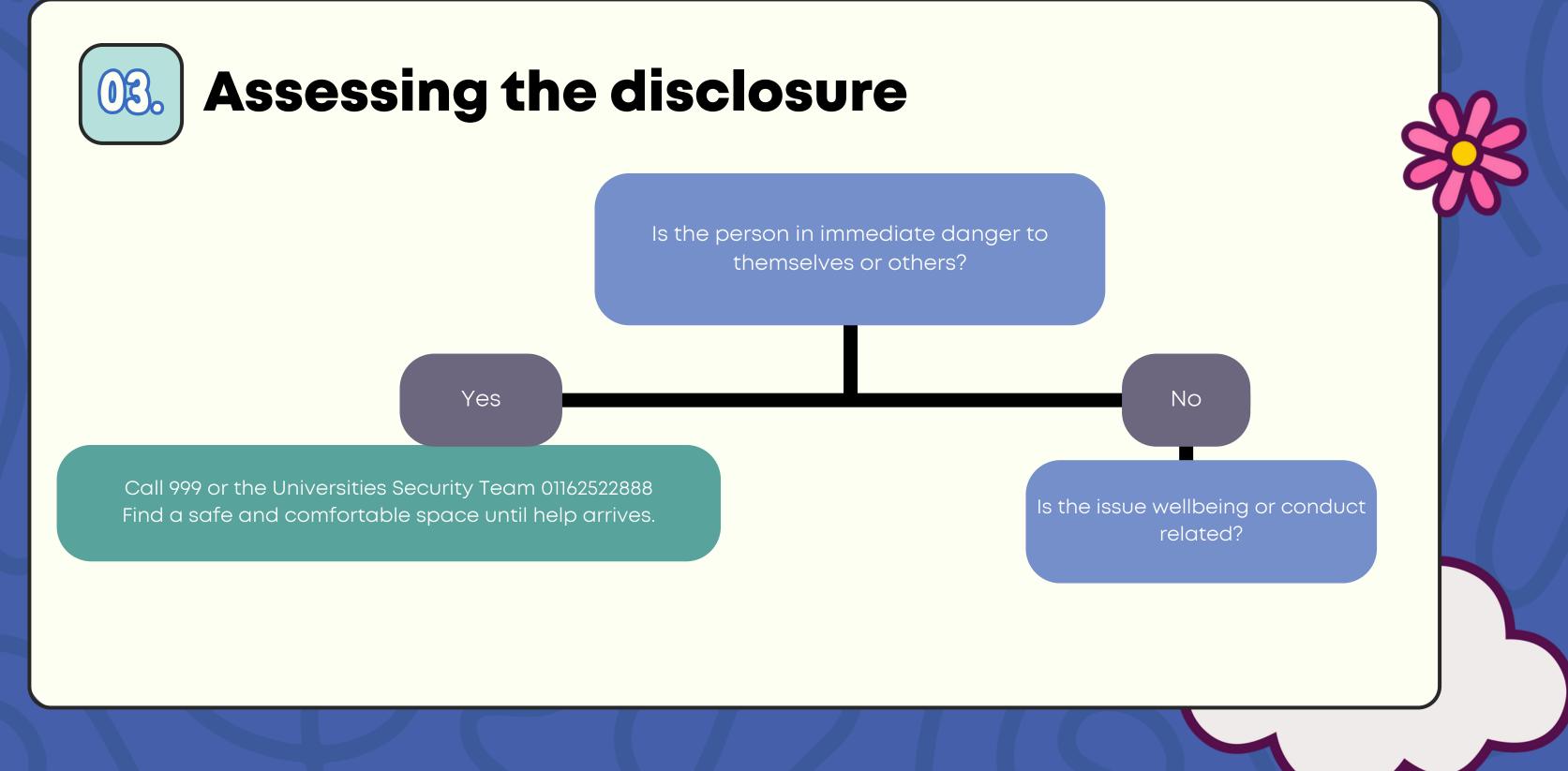
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Wellbeing Related:

If distressed or in crisis:

- Out of Hours/Off Campus: Call 111, select option 2.
- 9am-5pm/On Campus: Call the university welfare team on 1185 or Security via
 SafeZone app

If disclosing or reporting something that's happened:

- . <u>Report and Support</u> (for reporting misconducts or harassment)
- 2. Contact the university at wellbeing@le.ac.uk or standingtogether@le.ac.uk
- Guide them through finding specific support on the <u>Hub of Hope</u>.
- If relevant, suggest going to the police to report any crimes

If struggling with mental health/showing signs of concern:

• Email concerned@le.ac.uk expressing your concerns for a fellow students welfare











Practice Scenario:

A society member messages you saying they are having a difficult time atm and that they won't becoming to the next social. They say they have been quite depressed, and things have been getting worse because they're constantly stressed and worried about their exams.

Initial response > Actions you need to take immediately > What are the next steps









Conduct Related:



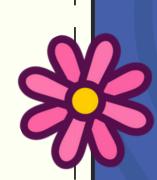
- Guide the affected student through the <u>Report and Support</u> system (university based).
- Guide them through finding specific support on the <u>Hub of Hope</u> if off campus or for nonuniversity based support.
- Can contact concerned@ if the affected person does not reach out/accept help but you are still concerned for their wellbeing.

If regarding criminal offences:

Call 999 and ask to report a crime. We advice you also go through report and support as they can support you academically and mentally through the process.

If regarding anything else:

We recommend you email advice@le.ac.uk or/as well as concerned@le.ac.uk Either teams can hopefully give you alternative options based off of the situation details











Practice Scenario:

A society member messages you privately asking to speak to you. They say that one of your fellow committee members has been harassing them recently and they're not sure what to do. They also say that they no longer feel comfortable in sessions because of it.

Initial response > Actions you need to take immediately > What are the next steps







Knowing the SU Processes:



5. Formal Complaint





3. Mediation



1. Addressing it Internally

SU Complaints Procedure



<u>University Complaints</u> <u>Procedure</u>

Report and Support











Knowing the Complaints Procedure:

- Emailing su-complaints@le.ac.uk
- Applied when a student leader or Society and/or Sports Club member displays inappropriate behaviour and/or acts outside the conduct of their role within an affiliated Students' Union activity or setting. 1.2.2 The Code of Conduct & Matrix can be applied to behaviour ranging from minor harm to the point of breaching University of Leicester Senate Regulation 11.











<u>11.54</u>

Non-academic misconduct includes any act or behaviour that is detrimental to a member of staff, student or visitor to the University, its property, interests or to the reputation of the University.

Examples of non-academic misconduct are detailed below:

- Indecent or offensive behaviour or language expressed in any way, including verbally, in writing, through messaging services or on social media or physically
- Harassment or unwanted behaviour on the grounds of race, disability, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, age, religion, or belief
 - Organising or participating in initiation activities
- Disruptive behaviour on University premises
- Unauthorised use or misuse of property or facilities
- Actions which may or do bring the University into disrepute









Looking After You

Handling these situations can be difficult and mentally straining. Please do not take it on alone!

You can always reach out to wellbeing@le.ac.uk or call 111 for mental health support.

It's also worth taking time to destress, in whichever way works for you.





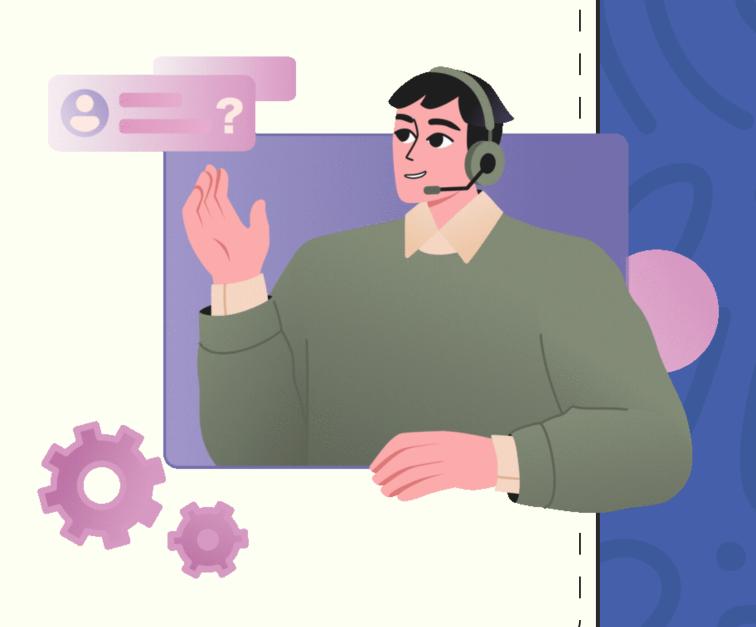


Looking After You

If you are ever unsure or feel it is bigger than being handled internally, please email us at unionactivities@le.ac.uk

We can give you advice and guide you through the next steps to take.

If welfare related, please go straight to concerned@le.ac.uk

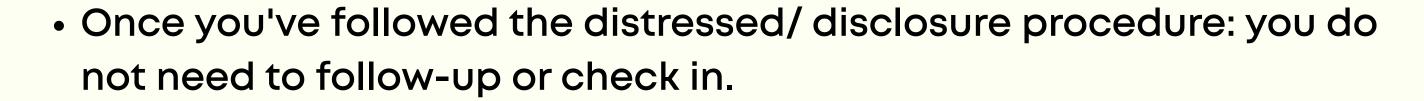








Follow Up



- You need to set and maintain boundaries throughout interactions with students.
- The best way you can support them afterwards, is through your committee processes and promoting prevention techniques (where possible).













Promoting Wellbeing



Give an example of a way you could promote better wellbeing within your role remit and activities.







Recommendations:

Ensure considerations are made for those who may need more support



Assess club culture problems and implement changes



Have guides and signposting resources easily available to all





Setting expectations and regulations from the get go



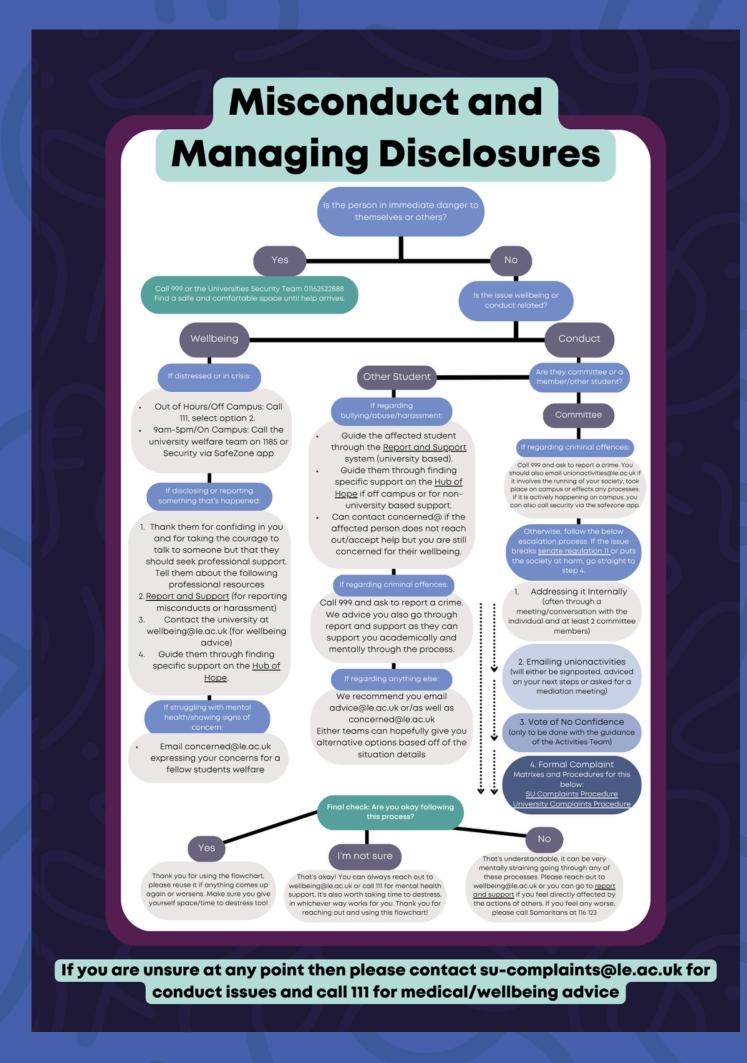
Advocate for your members and ensure issues are heard, not ignored or passed off as tradition







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Any Questions?